

Commutative Algebra

Exercise Sheet 4

Due date: 24 November 2020, 9:00 am.

Exercise 1. Let A be a ring.

- (a) For a family $(V_\lambda)_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$ of A -modules and an A -module W there is a canonical isomorphism

$$\mathrm{Hom}_A\left(\bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} V_\lambda, W\right) \simeq \prod_{\lambda \in \Lambda} \mathrm{Hom}_A(V_\lambda, W)$$

of A -modules.

- (b) For an A -module V and a family $(W_\lambda)_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$ of A -modules there is a canonical isomorphism

$$\mathrm{Hom}_A\left(V, \prod_{\lambda \in \Lambda} W_\lambda\right) \simeq \prod_{\lambda \in \Lambda} \mathrm{Hom}_A(V, W_\lambda)$$

of A -modules.

- (c) Let $(V_\lambda)_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$ be a family of A -modules and for each λ let $U_\lambda \subseteq V_\lambda$ be a submodule. Then $\bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} U_\lambda$ is naturally a submodule of $\bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} V_\lambda$ and there is a canonical A -module isomorphism

$$\left(\bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} V_\lambda\right) / \left(\bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} U_\lambda\right) \simeq \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} V_\lambda / U_\lambda .$$

Exercise 2. Let A be a non-zero ring such that every ideal is a free A -module. Then A is a principal ideal domain.

Exercise 3. (a) Let $\varphi : A \rightarrow B$ be a ring morphism and let V be an A -module. If V is free with basis $(v_\lambda)_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$, then V^B is a free B -module with basis $(1 \otimes v_\lambda)_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$.

- (b) Let I be an ideal in a ring A and let V be an A -module. Then there is a canonical isomorphism

$$V/IV \simeq (A/I) \otimes_A V$$

of (A/I) -modules, where the scalar extension is taken with respect to the quotient map $A \rightarrow A/I$.

Exercise 4. (a) Show that $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}) \simeq \mathbb{Z}/d\mathbb{Z}$ with $d := \gcd(m, n)$.

- (b) Let V be a \mathbb{Z} -module with $\mathrm{T}(V) = V$, e.g. a finite abelian group or \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z} . Then $\mathbb{Q} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} V = 0$.