

Please submit your solution alone or with a (one!) partner in the postbox "Character Theory" on the ground floor, in the office of Dr. Tobias Metzloff (48-424) or by mail at metzloff@mathematik.uni-kl.de.

Exercises with numbers in brackets are taken from the book "Introduction to Representation Theory" by Pavel Etingof et al from 2011 (<https://math.mit.edu/~etingof/reprbook.pdf>).

EXERCISE 20

Show that \mathbb{A} is not Noetherian and that $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ is the quotient field of \mathbb{A} .

EXERCISE 21

Let G be a finite group and V be a complex finite-dimensional representation of G . Show that there is a finite field extension K of \mathbb{Q} and a basis of V so that the representing matrices of the group elements with respect to this basis have entries in K .

Remark: We say that " V can be defined over K ".

Hint: First show that V can be defined over $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$.

EXERCISE 22

Let G be a finite group and V be a complex finite-dimensional representation of G with character χ . Denote by $\mathbb{Q}(\chi)$ the field extension of \mathbb{Q} , which is generated by $\{\chi(g), g \in G\}$.

1. Show that $\{\chi(g), g \in G\} \subseteq \mathbb{A}$.
2. Show that, if V can be defined over a subfield $K \subseteq \mathbb{C}$, then $\mathbb{Q}(\chi) \subseteq K$.
3. Give an example of a representation V , which can not be defined over $\mathbb{Q}(\chi)$.

EXERCISE 23 (5.2.7)

Let G be a finite group and V be a complex irreducible representation of G with character χ and $\dim(V) \geq 2$. Show that there exists an element $g \in G$ such that $\chi(g) = 0$.